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Apoptosis Induced by a Kind of N -Phosphoryl Branched Dipeptide

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APOPTOSIS INDUCED BY A KIND OF N-PHOSPHORYL BRANCHED DIPEPTIDE

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Phosphorus plays a crucial role in life chemistry. Some N-phosphoryl amino acids and N-phosphoryl peptides have important biological activities. 2,3 Now we synthesize N-phosphoryl leucyl-lysine methyl ester ((DIPP-Leu)₂-Lys-OCH₃), a kind of N-phosphoryl branched peptide, that can induce apoptosis in K562 cell lines and its IC₅₀ is 21.4 μ g/ml. Morphologic changes can be observed under the optics microcopy, DNA fragmentation into 180 bps is detected by agarose gel electrophoresis (Figure 1): (A) marker (B) negative ctr. (C) positive ctr: cis-platinum (D-G) (DIPP-Leu)₂-Lys-OMe of different concentrations: 50, 100, 200, 400 μ g/ml and the "Ap" peak which is considered to be the marker of apoptosis can also be seen in flow cytometry (Figure 2): (A) untreated (B) treated with 100 μg/ml of (DIPP-Leu)₂-Lys-OMe.

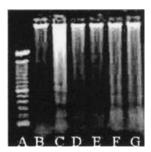


FIGURE 1 Agarose gel electrophoresis of DNA extracted from K562 cells treated with (DIPP-L-Leu)2-L-Lys-OCH₃.

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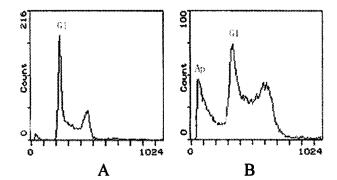


FIGURE 2 DNA content frequency histograms of K562 cells treated with (DIPP-L-Leu)2-L-Lys-OCH $_3$.

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